

## Unit 2

### Used to

To describe **past habits** or past states that have now **changed**.

#### Affirmative:

**S + used to + verb .**

#### Negative:

**S + did not + use to + verb.**

#### Question:

**Did + S + use to + verb . .....?**

*e.g.* My mother **used to buy** my clothes, **but now** I choose my own.

She **used to be** a teacher, **but now** she's retired.

I **used to like** cartoon films **when I was** younger.

1. **I think television .....be better than it is now.**

A. used to                      B. is used to                      C. are used to                      D. use to

2. **When I was a student, I .....very hard.**

A. used to work                      B. am used to working  
C. use to works                      D. is used to work

3. **When I was a child, my grandmother used to..... cakes for us all the time.**

A. make                      B. making  
C. makes                      D. made

## be used to

- To describe things that are familiar , customary or **normal** .

Noun

S+ **be used to** + pronoun

Verb-ing

We've lived in the city a long time, so we're **used to** the traffic.

I didn't like getting up early, but I'm **used to** it now.

She's lived in the UK for a year. She's **used to** speaking English now.

1. Most Jordanians ..... the hot weather that we have in summer.

A. are used to      B. used to      C. didn't use to      D. weren't used to

2. Salma has been practising the oud really hard and she ..... playing it.

A. is now used to      B. now used to      C. are now used to      D. use to

80. Are you ----- in Jordan yet? You've only been here for two months.

A. use to live      B. used to live      C. used to living      D. is used to living

82. My grandfather retired a month ago. He isn't----- nothing to do all day.

A. used to having      B. used to have      C. use to have      D. are used to having

is normal →→→→→ is /am/are/ +used to +verb-ing

is not normal →→→→→ isn't /am not /aren't + verb-ing

was normal →→→→→ was / were +used to + verb-ing

was not normal →→→→→ wasn't /weren't +used to+verb-ing

It's **normal** for me to get up early every morning .

I **am used to** getting up early every morning.

## Past and present perfect continuous

<b>S+had +been +V-ing</b> has have	<b>S+ had not + been +v ing</b> has not have not	<b>Had +s+ been+v-ing?</b> Has Have
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Key words: for (time) / since (time) / all (time) / how long ? , (By —v2 )

\*Ahmad wanted to sit down because he **had** been standing **all day** at work.

\*James **had been** teaching at the university **for more than a year** before he left for Asia.

\*The police **had been** looking for the criminal **for two years** before they caught him

\*.Health experts **have been** warning about this trend **for years**, and their advice is clear.

1. Ali ..... about his friend when he received a text from him.

- A. had been thinking    B. have been thinking    C. is thinking    D. think

2. By the time the bus arrived, we ..... for an hour.

- A. am waiting    B. has been waiting    C. had been waiting    D. wait

3. She ..... at the company for three years when it went out of business.

- A. works    B. had been working    C. have been working    D. has been working

4. James ..... at the university for more than a year .

- A. are teaching    B. had been teaching  
 C. have been teaching    D. will teach

5. Ali ----- at the university for more than a year.

- A. has been teaching    B. have been teaching  
 C. am teaching    D. had been teaching

## Unit 3 / The Future continuous

S+ **will** +be+ v-ing

s+ **will not** +be +v-ing/

**Will** +s +be +v-ing

### Key words :

\* **At time** +(future time) /

\* **This Time**+ (future time)

\* **Between** 8 and 10+ (future time)

\* **in** three weeks' **time**

\* At 10 a.m. tomorrow, I **will be** painting my house.

\* Between 4 and 7 next Monday, I **will be** travelling to Cairo.

\* This time next year, they **will be** preparing for their final exams.

\* What **will** we **be** doing in ten years' time?

1. Soon we ..... packing for our holiday .

A. are going to                      B. will be                      C. will have                      D. is going to

2. We won't be home tomorrow night. We'll ..... the football match at the stadium.

. Watched                      B. be watching                      C. watches                      D. is watching

3. I can't call my dad right now. He'll ..... the plane. It takes off in an hour.

A. be boarding                      B. has boarded                      C. boarding                      D. boards

4. What do you think you ..... doing in two years' time?

A. Will have                      B. will be                      C. are going to                      D. has

# The Future Perfect

S + <b>will</b> +have +V3	S + <b>will not</b> +have +V3	<b>Will</b> + S + have + V3...?
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Key words :

\***By** + (future time)

\* **by** +S + v1

\***for / since**+(future time)

\* **because** على ان يكون معها جملة مستقبل

\* **By 2081 CE**, the new motorway **will have opened**.

\*We're late! **By** the time we **get** to the station, the train **will have gone**.

\***This time next month**, my parents **will have been** married **for** twenty years.

\***In three years time** , my brother **will have graduated** from university .

\***By next year**, **will** you **have visited** England?

1.Next month, we will ..... in this house for a year. Let's celebrate!

A. living      B. have lived      C. lives      D. is living

2.By tomorrow morning, I ----- doing 9 exercises.

A. will be finishing      B. will have finished      C. would finish      D. finish

3.This time tomorrow, we'll be celebrating because we will ..... our exams.

A. will finish      B. have finished      C. will have finished      D. had finished

4.Will you ..... all your homework by eight o'clock ?

A. Done      B. has done      C. have done      D. be doing

## Unit 4 / Relative clauses

(who , whose , which, that , where or when. )

### 1. Defining relative clauses

- He's the man **whose** daughter I met in Jordan.
- A mathematician is someone **who** works with numbers.

### 2. Non-Defining relative clauses

\*The Sahara desert, **which** is in Africa, is very hot.

\*The Giralda tower, **which** is one of the most important buildings in Seville, Spain, stands at just over 104 metres tall.

- The Sahara desert is very hot .It's in Africa .

The Sahara desert .....

- London is a huge city . It's the capital of the UK.

London .....

1. Qasr Bashir is a Roman castle ----- is situated in the Jordanian desert.

- A. where                      B. when                      C. which                      D. who

2. In Qasr Bashir, there are about twenty-three stables ----- horses may have been kept.

- A. which                      B. where                      C. when                      D. who

# Cleft sentences

- To emphasise certain pieces of information.

1 .The thing *that*      \*The person *who*      \* The time *when*  
\*The place *where*   \*The way *in which*      \* The reason *why*

## 2. It is / was...

الحالة الأولى

\***Huda** won the prize for Art last year.

**The person *who*** won the prize for Art last year ***was* Huda.**

\***Al-Kindi** contributed to the invention of the oud.

**The person *who*** contributed to the invention of the oud ***was* Al-Kindi**

\*Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in **Iraq.**

**The country *where*** Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory ***was* Iraq**

\*London was the place where **the Olympic Games** were held in 2012 CE.

**The event *that*** took place in London in 2012 CE ***was* the Olympic Games.**

\*I like **Geography** most of all.

**The subject** that I like most of all is **Geography**

\***The Great Mosque in Cordoba** was built in 784 CE by Abd al Rahman I.

**The mosque** that was built by Abd alRahman I in 784 CE was **the Great Mosque in Cordoba**

## الحالة الثانية

\* **Ali ibn Nafi'** established the first music school in the world.

It **was Ali ibn Nafi' who** established the first music school in the world.

\* **The heat** made the journey unpleasant.

It **was the heat that** made the journey unpleasant

\* My brother bought his new car from **our next-door neighbour** last Saturday.

It **was our next-door neighbour who** my brother bought his new car from last Saturday.

\* I stopped working at **11 p.m.**

It **was 11 p.m when** I stopped working.

## الحالة الثالثة

\* The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE by **Abd al-Rahman I.**

**Abd al-Rahman I was the person who** built the Great Mosque in Cordoba in 784 CE.

1. The person who works harder than anybody else in this organization ..... Mary.

A. was                      B. were                      C. is                      D. are

2. The reason ..... I've come is to discuss my future with you.

A. when                      B. who                      C. why                      D. where

3. Jabir ibn Hayyan built a set of scales which changed the way .....chemists weighed items in a laboratory.

A. which                      B. who                      C. when                      D. in which